Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, DC 20554

In the Matter of)	
Federal-State Joint Board on)	CC Docket No. 96-45
Universal Service)	
)	
NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners)	DA 03-4113
)	
Petition for Designation as an)	
Eligible Telecommunications Carrier)	
In the State of Florida)	

COMMENTS of the ORGANIZATION FOR THE PROMOTION AND ADVANCEMENT OF SMALL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES

I. INTRODUCTION

The Organization for the Promotion and Advancement of Small

Telecommunications Companies (OPASTCO) hereby submits these comments in response to the proceeding on the NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners (Nextel) petition for designation as an eligible telecommunications carrier (ETC) in the state of Florida. OPASTCO is a national trade association representing over 550 small incumbent local exchange carriers (ILECs) serving rural areas of the United States. Its members, which include both commercial companies and cooperatives, together serve over 3.5 million customers. All of OPASTCO's members are rural telephone companies as defined in 47 U.S.C. §153(37). In addition, they are all ETCs in their respective service areas.

 OPASTCO Comments
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 CC Docket No. 96-45

 February 2, 2004
 DA 03-4113

¹Wireline Competition Bureau Seeks Comment on NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners Petition for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier in the State of Florida, CC Docket No. 96-45, Public Notice, DA 03-4113 (rel. Dec. 30, 2003).

Nextel's application for ETC designation in the state of Florida should be stayed pending the resolution of the current proceeding that is considering changes to the Commission's rules relating to high-cost support in competitive study areas as well as the process for designating ETCs. Alternatively, Nextel's application should be denied unless and until a more complete public interest showing can be made that takes into account both the public benefits and the public costs of granting ETC status to Nextel.

II. COMMENTS

The applications of Nextel in Florida and other states,² as well as similar requests made by ALLTEL,³ mark a significant change in the type of commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) providers that are applying for ETC designation. Prior applications that have come before the Commission have primarily involved smaller regional CMRS providers.⁴ Nextel and ALLTEL are the first CMRS providers with large multi-state networks to file ETC applications with the Commission. The manner in which the Commission addresses these applications will therefore have a significant impact on the future funding demands of the High-Cost program.

If the Commission grants Nextel's application for Florida and other similar applications that are currently pending, it will only serve to encourage additional CMRS

² To the best of OPASTCO's knowledge Nextel has applied to the FCC for ETC status in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, New York, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Virginia. In addition, Nextel has filed ETC applications with the state public utility commissions in Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, Texas, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

³ To the best of OPASTCO's knowledge ALLTEL has applied to the FCC for ETC status in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, and Virginia. In addition, ALLTEL has filed ETC applications with the state public utility commissions in Arkansas, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, South Carolina, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

⁴ Other regional carriers that have applied to the FCC for ETC status in areas served by rural telephone companies include RCC Cellular, Cellular South, and Western Wireless Corporation. Numerous others have applied for and received ETC designations from state public utilities commissions.

providers, including other large multi-state carriers, to apply as well. This is because once one CMRS provider obtains ETC status in a rural area, the other CMRS providers in the area will be compelled to seek ETC designation as well in order to remain competitive.⁵ In addition, should it become apparent that funding is readily available to CMRS providers merely for the asking, carriers may be violating their fiduciary obligation to their shareholders if they chose not to apply.

Such a large-scale increase in ETC designation requests will surely hasten the rapid escalation of the size of the Universal Service Fund (USF) as predicted by OPASTCO and other parties.⁶ In its white paper *Universal Service in Rural America: A Congressional Mandate at Risk*, OPASTCO estimated that if all CMRS providers nationwide were to apply for and receive ETC status, the annual funding level of the High-Cost program would increase by approximately \$2 billion.⁷ This would seriously compromise the continued ability of the High-Cost program to ensure the provision of affordable and "reasonably comparable" services and rates to consumers in the most remote regions of the nation.

On February 7, 2003, the Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service (Joint Board) issued a Public Notice which sought comment on numerous competitive universal service issues, including the process for designating ETCs and the methodology for

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⁵ This is already occurring. For example, throughout Iowa many rural telephone company study areas have two, and in some cases even three mobile wireless providers that have been designated as ETCs. *See*, Universal Service Administrative Company, *Federal Universal Service Support Mechanisms Fund Size Projections for the First Quarter 2004* (Oct. 31, 2003), Appendix HC03.

⁶ See, OPASTCO Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed May 5, 2003), pp. 10-11 (OPASTCO Portability Comments). See also, National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates (NASUCA) Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed May 5, 2003), p. 3 (NASUCA Portability Comments).

⁷ Stuart Polikoff, *Universal Service in Rural America: A Congressional Mandate at Risk*, OPASTCO, (January 2003), p. 21.

calculating support in competitive study areas. Comments and reply comments have been filed in this proceeding, and the Joint Board conducted a hearing on these issues on July 31, 2003. It is quite possible that, as a result of this proceeding, there will be significant changes in the way in which competitive ETCs are designated, and in the level of support that they receive.

In their comments on Nextel's ETC petitions for Pennsylvania and Virginia,

Verizon recommended that until the issues being considered in the Joint Board Portability

Public Notice are resolved, the Commission should stay the approval of additional ETC

applications. OPASTCO believes that the public interest would be best served by

preventing the USF from growing out of control at the same time that key policies related

to universal service support levels and ETC designations are currently under review.

Moreover, until these issues are resolved, it remains unclear how the Commission should

evaluate whether or not the designation of an additional ETC would serve the public

interest in any given rural service area. Thus, a stay on the review of pending ETC

applications as proposed by Verizon and others would be one possible way in which this

problem could be addressed. 10

⁸ Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service Seeks Comment on Certain of the Commission's Rules Relating to High-Cost Universal Service Support and the ETC Designation Process, CC Docket No. 96-45, Public Notice, 18 FCC Rcd 1941 (2003) (Joint Board Portability Public Notice).

⁹ See, Verizon Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed July 7 and July 14, 2003), pp. 1, 8. This proposal is similar to one made by the National Telecommunications Cooperative Association (NTCA) in their reply comments to the Joint Board Portability Public Notice. See, NTCA Reply Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed June 3, 2003), pp. 22-23.

¹⁰ There is a related precedent for staying the approval of additional ETC applications. In order to moderate the fund's growth during its pending Part 36 USF rulemaking proceeding, the Commission imposed an interim cap on USF support for local exchange carriers from January 1, 1994 until January 1, 1996. *See, Amendment of Part 36 of the Commission's Rules and Establishment of a Joint Board,* CC Docket No. 80-286, Report and Order, 9 FCC Rcd 303 (1993), Erratum (1993). After an initial extension, the interim cap was further extended until May 8, 1997, so as to facilitate the transition to the new universal service rules that were adopted at that time. *See, Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service,* CC Docket No. 96-45, Report and Order, 11 FCC Rcd 7920 (1996).

While these comments are not intended to debate the many nuances of considering the public interest when evaluating an ETC application, OPASTCO wishes to briefly comment on the manner in which Nextel justifies its application as being in the public interest. Section 214(e)(2) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 requires that prior to designating an additional ETC in an area served by a rural telephone company, the Commission must find that such designation would be in the public interest. Within its application, Nextel argues that this criteria is met because:

[d]esignation of competitive ETCs promotes competition and benefits consumers in rural and high-cost areas by ...provid[ing] a valuable alternative to the existing telecommunications regime in these areas. In addition, designation ... will provide an incentive to the incumbent LECs in the Designated Areas to improve their existing networks in order to remain competitive, resulting in improved services to consumers.¹¹

Thus, Nextel's application is based entirely on vague generalities regarding the generic benefits of competition. There is no evidence that Nextel would serve any new areas beyond those that it currently serves, 12 nor that Nextel would broaden its service offerings or reduce its prices if it were granted ETC status. There is also no indication that approval of ETC status for Nextel would materially increase the level of competition in the marketplace or hasten the delivery of advanced services.

Furthermore, there is no discussion in Nextel's application of the public costs that would be incurred by providing high-cost support to Nextel for its existing customer base. In comments on the Joint Board Portability Public Notice, OPASTCO and other parties explained that a meaningful public interest analysis must address both the benefits

¹¹ See, Petition of NPCR, Inc. d/b/a Nextel Partners for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier in the State of Florida (filed Sept. 16, 2003), pp. 7-8.

¹² Indeed, when examining Nextel's coverage maps for Florida located on its website, it appears that Nextel's coverage for Florida's rural areas is limited to narrow bands along interstate and major highways. *See*, http://nextel.com/cgi-bin/localMarketMap.cgi?market=mkt60

and costs of designating an additional ETC in a rural service area, and that such a designation should occur only when the public benefits from supporting multiple providers exceed the public costs created by supporting multiple networks. ¹³ Therefore, if the Commission decides not to stay all pending ETC applications, as suggested by Verizon and others, then the Commission should deny Nextel's application unless and until Nextel can make a meaningful demonstration that its designation as an ETC would serve the public interest.

¹³ OPASTCO Portability Comments, pp. 40-44. *See also*, NASUCA Portability Comments, pp. 8-11; CenturyTel Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed May 5, 2003), pp. 16-31; TCA Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed May 5, 2003), pp. 8-15; ICORE Comments in CC Docket No. 96-45 (filed May 5, 2003), pp. 10-16.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Nextel's application for ETC designation in Florida

should be stayed pending the resolution of the current proceeding that is considering

changes to the calculation of high-cost support for competitive ETCs and the

development of policy guidelines for the review of ETC applications. Alternatively, the

Commission should deny Nextel's application unless and until a more complete public

interest showing is made which takes into consideration both the public benefits and the

public costs of granting Nextel ETC status.

Respectfully submitted,

THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE PROMOTION AND ADVANCEMENT OF SMALL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES

By: /s/ Stuart Polikoff

Stuart Polikoff

Director of Government Relations

By: /s/ Jeffrey W. Smith

Jeffrey W. Smith Policy Analyst

OPASTCO 21 Dupont Circle NW Suite 700

Washington, DC 20036

(202)659-5990

February 2, 2004

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Jeffrey W. Smith, hereby certify that a copy of the comments by the Organization for the Promotion and Advancement of Small Telecommunications Companies was sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, on this, the 2nd day of February, 2004, to those listed on the attached list.

By: <u>/s/ Jeffrey W. Smith</u> Jeffrey W. Smith

SERVICE LIST

CC Docket No. 96-45 DA 03-4113

Sheryl Todd
Telecommunications Access
Policy Division
Wireline Competition Bureau
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, SW
Room 5-B540
Washington, D.C. 20554
(Three paper copies)

Kathleen Q. Abernathy, Commissioner and Chair Joint Board on Universal Service Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-B115 Washington, D.C. 20554

Kevin J. Martin, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-A204 Washington, D.C. 20554

Jonathan Adelstein, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-C302 Washington, D.C. 20554

Michael J. Copps, Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-A302 Washington, D.C. 20554 Bob Rowe, Commissioner Montana Public Service Commission 1701 Prospect Avenue P.O. Box 202601 Helena, MT 59620-2601

Nanette G. Thompson, Chair Regulatory Commission of Alaska 1016 West Sixth Avenue, Suite 400 Anchorage, AK 99501-1693

Chairman Michael Powell Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-B201 Washington, D.C. 20554

Lila A. Jaber, Commissioner Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Gerald Gunter Building Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

J. Thomas Dunleavy, Commissioner New York Public Service Commission Three Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223-1350 Greg Fogleman, Economic Analyst Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Gerald Gunter Building Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Mary E. Newmeyer, Federal Affairs Advisor Alabama Public Service Commission 100 N. Union Street, Suite 800 Montgomery, AL 36104

Joel Shifman, Senior Advisor Maine Public Utilities Commission 242 State Street State House Station 18 Augusta, ME 04333-0018

Peter Bluhm, Director of Policy Research Vermont Public Service Board Drawer 20 112 State Street, 4th Floor Montpelier, VT 05620-2701

Charlie Bolle, Policy Advisor Nevada Public Utilities Commission 1150 E. Williams Street Carson City, NV 89701-3105

Peter Pescosolido, Chief, Telecom & Cable Division State of Connecticut Dept. of Public Utility Control 10 Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051 Jeff Pursley Nebraska Public Service Commission 300 The Atrium, 1200 N. Street P.O. Box 94927 Lincoln, NE 68509-4927

Larry Stevens, Utility Specialist Iowa Utilities Board 350 Maple Street Des Moines, IA 50319

Carl Johnson, Telecom Policy Analyst New York Public Service Commission 3 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223-1350

Lori Kenyon, Common Carrier Specialist Regulatory Commission of Alaska 1016 West Sixth Avenue, Suite 400 Anchorage, AK 99501-1693

Jennifer Gilmore, Principal Telecommunications Analyst Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission Indiana Government Center South 302 West Washington Street, Suite E306 Indianapolis, ID 46204

Michael Lee, Technical Advisor Montana Public Service Commission 1701 Prospect Avenue P.O. Box 202601 Helena, MT 59620-2601 Billy Jack Gregg Consumer Advocate Division Public Service Commission of West Virginia 723 Kanawha Boulevard, East 7th Floor, Union Building Charleston, West Virginia 25301

Philip McClelland Assistant Consumer Advocate Pennsylvania Office of Consumer Advocate 555 Walnut Street Forum Place, 5th Floor Harrisburg, PA 17101-1923

Barbara Meisenheimer, Consumer Advocate Missouri Office of Public Counsel 301 West High Street, Suite 250 Truman Building P.O. Box 7800 Jefferson City, MO 65102

Earl Poucher, Legislative Analyst Office of the Public Counsel State of Florida 111 West Madison, Room 812 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1400

Brad Ramsay, General Counsel NARUC 1101 Vermont Avenue, N.W. Suite 200 Washington, D.C. 20005 David Dowds, Public Utilities Supervisor Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Gerald Gunter Building Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Matthew Brill, Legal Advisor Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-B115 Washington, D.C. 20554

Daniel Gonzalez, Senior Legal Advisor Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-A204 Washington, D.C. 20554

Lisa Zaina, Senior Legal Advisor Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 8-C302 Washington, D.C. 20554

Carol Mattey, Deputy Bureau Chief Federal Communications Commission Wireline Competition Bureau 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-C451 Washington, D.C. 20554

Sharon Webber,
Deputy Division Chief
Federal Communications Commission
WCB, Telecommunications Access
Policy Division
445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A425
Washington, D.C. 20554

Eric Einhorn, Division Chief Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A426 Washington, D.C. 20554

Anita Cheng, Assistant Division Chief Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A445 Washington, D.C. 20554

Katie King, Attorney Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-B544 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dana Walton-Bradford, Attorney Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A314 Washington, D.C. 20554

Paul Garnett, Attorney Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A623 Washington, D.C. 20554 Bryan Clopton, Mathematician Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A465 Washington, D.C. 20554

Shannon Lipp, Attorney Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-A523 Washington, D.C. 20554

Geoff Waldau, Economist Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-B524 Washington, D.C. 20554

William Scher, Assistant Division Chief Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 5-B550 Washington, D.C. 20554

Diane Law Hsu,
Deputy Division Chief
Federal Communications Commission
WCB, Telecommunications Access
Policy Division
445 12th Street, S.W., Room 6-A360
Washington, D.C. 20554

Jennifer Schneider Attorney Federal Communications Commission WCB, Telecommunications Access Policy Division 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 6-C212 Washington, D.C. 20554

Albert Catalano Matthew Plache Ronald Jarvis Catalano & Plache PLLC Counsel for Nextel Partners 3221 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20007

Qualex International Portals II 445 12th Street, S.W. Room CY-B402 Washington, D.C. 20554